UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE:) Chapter 11
UNITED GILSONITE LABORATORIES, A PENNSYLVANIA CORPORATION, ¹) Case No. 5:11-bk-02032 (RNO))))
REORGANIZED DEBTOR.)))

ANNUAL REPORT, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OF THE UNITED GILSONITE LABORATORIES ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Alan B. Rich, the Trustee of the United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "UGL Trust"), created pursuant to the Modified First Amended Plan of Reorganization of United Gilsonite Laboratories Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code dated as of September 30, 2014 (the "Plan"),² submits this Annual Report, Financial Statements and Results of Operations of the United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023.³

¹ The last four digits of the Debtor's federal tax identification number are 7530.

² Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

³ Pursuant to the Final Decree and Order Closing the Chapter 11 Case of United Gilsonite Laboratories (Docket No. 2402), the Clerk of the Court shall not refuse to accept for filing any report submitted by the Trustee for the UGL Trust on the grounds that the Chapter 11 Case is closed.

I. General

On March 23, 2011, United Gilsonite Laboratories filed a voluntary petition for relief

under Chapter 11, Title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") in the United

States Bankruptcy Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania (the "Bankruptcy Court").

On December 8, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of

Law, and Order Approving Exit Facility and Confirming the Modified First Amended Plan of

Reorganization of United Gilsonite Laboratories Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code

(the "Confirmation Order"), which confirmed the Plan of the above-referenced debtor. On

December 8, 2014, the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania

entered its Order Under 11 U.S.C. § 524(g)(3)(A) Affirming Bankruptcy Court's Confirmation

of Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan and Issuance of Channeling Injunction affirming the

Confirmation Order.

Pursuant to the Plan, the UGL Trust was established on December 31, 2014 (the

"Effective Date").

Pursuant to the Plan, Beth Gori, Ethan Early, Joseph Belluck, Jonathan Ruckdeschel,

and John P. Comerford are the members of the Trust Advisory Committee ("TAC") and

James L. Patton is the Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR").

II. Trust Claims

Section 2.2(b) of the United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Agreement (the "Trust Agreement") requires the Trustee to account to the Bankruptcy

2

Court and file an annual report containing financial statements of the UGL Trust and a summary of the number and type of claims disposed of by the UGL Trust during the period covered by the financial statements.

The UGL Trust through its claims processing facility—Claims Processing Facility, Inc.—began accepting Trust Claims on December 17, 2015. From inception of the UGL Trust through the period ending December 31, 2023, 11,235 Trust Claims have been submitted to the UGL Trust, including 463 Trust Claims submitted in 2023, as follows:

Disease Level	Claims submitted from Trust's inception through 12/31/23	Claims submitted in 2023
Mesothelioma (Level VIII)	2,763	196
Lung Cancer 1 (Level VII)	5,199	177
Lung Cancer 2 (Level VI)	2,018	50
Other Cancer (Level V)	472	6
Severe Asbestosis (Level IV)	372	14
Asbestosis/Pleural Disease (Level III)	139	17
Asbestosis/Pleural Disease (Level II)	272	3
Other Asbestos Disease (Level I)	0	0
Total:	11,235	463

Of the 11,235 Trust Claims submitted to the UGL Trust, the UGL Trust has not approved 10,051 claims, including rejected claims, claims with uncured deficiencies, and

withdrawn and deferred claims. As of December 31, 2023, the UGL Trust has paid a total of 1,068 Trust Claims. In 2023, the Trust liquidated and paid 104 Trust Claims, totaling \$2,529,820, after application of the Payment Percentage.⁴

Under Section 4.3 of the Trust Agreement the Trust reports payments for Trust Expenses. The Trust's operating expenses are listed in the Special Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity. *See* Exhibit A attached hereto at page 5.

III. Compensation and Expenses of the Trustee, TAC and FCR.

Under Section 5.5(d) of the Trust Agreement, the UGL Trust reports to the Bankruptcy Court the amount of compensation and expenses paid to the Trustee and the Delaware Trustee. The Trustee and the Delaware Trustee received compensation and reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses during the period from January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023 as set forth in the Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity.

Under Section 6.6 of the Trust Agreement, the Trustee reports to the Bankruptcy Court the amount of compensation and expenses paid to the TAC and its counsel. The TAC and its counsel received compensation and reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses during the period from January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023 as set forth in the Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity.

Under Section 7.6 of the Trust Agreement, the Trustee reports to the Bankruptcy Court the amount of compensation and expenses paid to the Future Claimants' Representative (the "FCR") and his counsel. The FCR and his counsel received compensation and reimbursement

4

⁴ Trust Claims paid by the Trust in 2023 are reported herein on a cash basis.

for out-of-pocket expenses during the period from January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023 as set forth in the Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity.

IV. Financial Statements

A copy of the UGL Trust's audited special-purpose financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, including Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity and Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity, is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: April 29, 2024

STUTZMAN, BROMBERG, ESSERMAN & PLIFKA, A Professional Corporation

By: <u>/s/ Sander L. Esserman</u>

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COUNSEL FOR THE UNITED GILSONITE LABORATORIES ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

EXHIBIT A

Special-Purpose Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022



<u>Index</u>

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Financial Statements	
Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity	4
Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity	5
Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements	6



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Trustee United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying special-purpose financial statements of the United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust"), which comprise the special-purpose statements of net claimants' equity as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity for the years then ended, and the related notes to the special-purpose financial statements (collectively, the "Financial Statements").

In our opinion, the Financial Statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net claimants' equity of the Trust as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in net claimants' equity for the years then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Trust and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the Financial Statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The Financial Statements are prepared on a special-purpose basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The special-purpose basis of accounting has been adopted by the Trustee to communicate the amount of equity presently available to fund current and future claimants. As a result, the Financial Statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with the special-purpose basis of accounting; this includes determining that the special-purpose basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the Financial Statements in these circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the Financial Statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management of the Trust, the Trustee, the beneficiaries of the Trust and the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Upon filing with the United States Bankruptcy Court in the Middles District of Pennsylvania, the report is a matter of public record, which public filing does not expand the list of specified users.

Dallas, Texas April 25, 2024

CohnReynickLLF

Special-Purpose Statements of Net Claimants' Equity December 31, 2023 and 2022

<u>Assets</u>

		2023	 2022
Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted Restricted Investments in marketable securities and	\$	561,257 41,950	\$ 391,240 34,250
certificate of deposit Accrued interest and dividend income Purchased interest Prepaid expenses		13,758,294 110,981 2,440 43,445	15,757,650 135,948 851 43,445
Total assets	\$	14,518,367	\$ 16,363,384
<u>Liabilities and Claimants' Eq</u>	<u>uity</u>		
Accrued expenses Accrued payments to claimants Claims processing deposits	\$	90,238 191,682 41,950	\$ 68,663 215,650 34,250
Total liabilities		323,870	318,563
Net claimants' equity	\$	14,194,497	\$ 16,044,821

See Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements.

Special-Purpose Statements of Changes in Net Claimants' Equity Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Additions		
Interest and dividend income - marketable securities	\$ 665,414	\$ 722,633
Net gain on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization	461,876	-
Income tax benefit, net Filing fees collected on withdrawn claims and other	- 5,100	686,782 8,550
Filling lees collected on withdrawn claims and other	 3,100	 0,550
Total additions	 1,132,390	 1,417,965
Deductions		
Payments to Claimants	2,505,853	2,116,912
Net loss on investments in marketable securities, net of		
management fees, custody fees and bond amortization	-	2,561,690
Legal fees	126,054	121,622
Trustee fees and expenses	96,947	95,786
Accounting fees	63,861	70,024
Consulting fees	46,030	9,000
Trustee annual fee	25,000	50,000
Financial consulting fees	20,000	20,000
Trust advisory committee member fees and expenses	19,038	17,543
Claims processing fees	18,468	17,422
Insurance expense	18,445	18,930
Future claimants' representative fees and expenses	15,398	24,950
Audit fees	15,398	19,078
Miscellaneous expenses	7,530	5,993
Delaware trustee fees and expenses	3,000	3,000
Foreign taxes paid	 1,692	1,018
Total deductions	2,982,714	5,152,968
Net decrease in net claimants' equity	(1,850,324)	(3,735,003)
Net claimants' equity, beginning of year	16,044,821	 19,779,824
Net claimants' equity, end of year	\$ 14,194,497	\$ 16,044,821

See Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Note 1 - Description of Trust

The United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (the "Trust") was established in accordance with the modified First Amended Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan"), under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, of United Gilsonite Laboratories ("UGL"). The purpose of the Trust is:

- To assume the liability for all Trust Claims asserted against the Asbestos Protected Parties;
- To preserve, hold, manage, and maximize the Trust assets for use in paying and otherwise satisfying Trust Claims and paying Trust Expenses;
- To direct the processing, liquidation and payment of Trust Claims in accordance with the Trust Distribution Procedures ("TDP"); and
- To otherwise comply in all respects with the requirements for a trust set forth in Section 524(g)(2)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, all in accordance with the Plan and the Trust Agreement.

The Trust was established on December 31, 2014, the Effective Date of the Plan ("Effective Date"), and is a Qualified Settlement Fund under Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") Section 468B for holders of asbestos personal injury claims ("Qualified Settlement Fund"). The Trust operates as the United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust.

Pursuant to the Plan, UGL paid \$11,000,000 of company cash and \$6,036,880 of shareholder cash, for a total cash contribution of \$17,036,880, at formation of the Trust. In addition, the Trust received from UGL a Promissory Note receivable in the amount of \$7,250,000 and a Shareholder Promissory Note receivable in the amount of \$375,000. The Promissory Note receivable was paid in full on May 5, 2017. The Shareholder Promissory Note receivable was paid in full on January 2, 2015. Also, UGL transferred its rights under insurance policies to the Trust in the amount of \$10,355,835.

In December 2019, The Trust received \$300,000 from UGL, representing the original and final balance in the litigation reserve fund.

The Trust is governed by a Trust Agreement and TDP that establish the framework and criteria for allowance and payment of Claims by the Trust. The Trust Agreement and TDP were approved by the United States District Court as part of the Plan. There are eight disease levels specified in the TDP. Each claimant who meets the medical and exposure requirements of the TDP for a particular disease level may apply for expedited review and a specified payment amount. Claimants for certain disease levels also have an alternative, under the TDP, to submit additional documentation and request a more expansive review of their Claim ("Individual Review Process") in which these case claims may be paid within a range of amounts.

The Trust's assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments in marketable securities and a certificate of deposit, which, with the earnings (or losses) on such investments, are intended to be totally consumed by the allowance and payment of claims and operation of the Trust. The percentage amount of each allowed claim that will actually be paid will be determined by projections of total allowed Claims and operational expense of the Trust, on the one hand, and total assets and net earnings (or losses), on the other. The Trust began accepting claims in paper format on December 17, 2015, and online using the e-File system on March 17, 2016. The Trust began paying claims in June 2016. The initial payment percentage has been set at 11% and is subject to periodic review and adjustment. Pursuant to TDP Section 4.3, the Trustee is reconsidering the

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

payment percentage. The Trustee is a fiduciary to the beneficiaries of the Trust and is responsible for administering the Trust and the Trust's assets in accordance with the Trust Agreement and the Plan.

Termination

The Trust Agreement (Section 8.2) provides that the Trust shall automatically dissolve on the date (the "Dissolution Date") ninety (90) days after the first to occur of the following events:

- The date on which the Trustee decides to dissolve the Trust because (A) the Trustee deems it unlikely that any new Trust Claims will be filed against the Trust, (B) all Trust Claims duly filed with the Trust have been liquidated and, to the extent possible based upon the funds available to the Trust through the Plan, paid to the extent provided in the Trust Agreement and TDP, or have been disallowed by a final, non-appealable order, and (C) twelve (12) consecutive months have elapsed during which no new Trust Claim has been filed with the Trust;
- If the Trustee has procured and has in place irrevocable insurance policies and has
 established claims handling agreements and other necessary arrangements with suitable third
 parties adequate to discharge all expected remaining obligations and expenses of the Trust
 in a manner consistent with the Trust Agreement and the TDP, the date on which the
 Bankruptcy Court enters an order approving such insurance and other arrangements and
 such order becomes a final order; or
- To the extent that a rule against perpetuities shall be deemed applicable to the Trust, that date which is twenty-one (21) years less ninety-one (91) days after the death of the last survivor of all the descendants of the late Joseph P. Kennedy, Sr., father of the late President John F. Kennedy, living on the date hereof.

On the Dissolution Date or as soon as reasonably practicable, after the wind-up of the Trust's affairs by the Trustee and payment of all the Trust's liabilities have been provided for as required by applicable law, all remaining assets shall be applied to such charitable purposes, if practicable, which shall be related to the treatment of, research on, or the relief of individuals suffering from asbestos related disorders and such charitable organizations should not have any relationship with UGL.

Following the dissolution and distribution of the assets of the Trust, the Trust shall terminate and the Trustee shall execute and file a Certificate of Cancellation.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The Trust's special-purpose financial statements ("Financial Statements") are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods that differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The special-purpose accounting methods are being used to better communicate the equity available to satisfy current and future claims. Since the accompanying Financial Statements and transactions are not based upon GAAP, accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

These special-purpose accounting methods and the differences from GAAP are summarized as follows:

- The Financial Statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except as otherwise described herein.
- The statement of net claimants' equity is not classified, resulting in no separation between current and noncurrent assets.
- These Financial Statements do not include a statement of cash flows.
- Cash and cash equivalents are recorded at cost with accrued interest shown separately.
- The funding received from UGL and insurance settlements has been recorded directly to net claimants' equity. These funds do not represent taxable income to the Trust. Payments to Claimants are reported as deductions from net claimants' equity and do not represent taxdeductible expenses of the Trust.
- At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the liability for accrued payments to claimants reflected in the statements of net claimants' equity represents unpaid outstanding and accepted offers. No liability is recorded for future claims filings and filed claims on which no offer has been made. Net claimants equity represents funding available to pay present and future claims on which no liability has been recorded.
- At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Trust's investments in marketable debt securities are
 considered as available for sale. The unrealized holdings gains (losses) on these investments
 are included in net gain or loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management
 fees, custody fees and bond amortization on the accompanying statement of changes in net
 claimants' equity. Under GAAP, the unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale
 investments would be included as a component of net claimants' equity reported as
 accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Use of estimates

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with the basis of accounting described above, requires the Trust to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Financial Statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the fair value of investments and the provision for income taxes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments

The Trust's financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest and dividend income, investments in marketable securities, a certificate of deposit, and accrued expenses. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest and dividend income and accrued expenses approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature. The carrying amount of investments in marketable securities and certificate of deposit is based on fair value.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Cash and cash equivalents

The Trust considers all highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity value of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	 2023		
Money market funds			
Fidelity government fund	\$ 151,666	\$	382,875
Vanguard prime fund	252,318		-
MapleMark Bank	154,503		109
Filing fee account	 2,770		8,256
Total	\$ 561,257	\$	391,240

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, restricted cash represents filing fees received from claimants, which will be refunded if the claim is accepted and retained by the Trust if the claim does not qualify for payment.

Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Trust to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments in marketable securities, and a certificate of deposit. The Trust maintained a portion of its cash and cash equivalents in accounts that are not federally insured but considers them to be of high credit quality. The Trust has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and it does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk.

The Trust's investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with investments, it is at least reasonably possible that significant changes in risks in the near term may materially affect the amounts reported in the Financial Statements. However, the Trust has a formal investment policy of placing investments in high-quality financial institutions.

Investments in marketable securities and related income (loss)

Investments in marketable securities are reported at fair value in the special-purpose statement of net claimants' equity and changes in the fair value of investments, as well as unrealized and realized gains and losses are included in net gain or loss on investments in marketable securities, net of management fees, custody fees and bond amortization reported in the special-purpose statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Purchases and sales of marketable securities are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on disposals of investments are determined by the specific identification method. Interest and dividend income are recognized on the accrual basis.

Investments considered to be permanently impaired in value are written down to their estimated net realizable value and the write down is recorded as a realized loss on investments. Unrealized losses that are other-than-temporary based upon management's estimates using quantitative and qualitative criteria are recognized as realized investment losses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Claims processing deposits

Claims processing deposits represent filing fees collected for each unliquidated claim, which will be refunded by the Trust if the claim is paid.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Net claimants' equity

The Trust, under the adopted special-purpose accounting convention, does not record the liability for future claims expected to be filed over the life of the Trust. The net claimants' equity is available for (i) the payments of allowed asbestos-related claims and (ii) operational expenses of the Trust.

Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is established when it is likely that the deferred tax assets may not be realized. In the opinion of management, the Trust is not subject to state income taxes, and therefore, the Financial Statements do not include any provision or liability for state income taxes. Funds received by the Trust from UGL and from insurance settlements and disbursements paid to settle asbestos claims are not taxable or deductible by the Trust.

The Trustee's estimate of the potential outcome of any uncertain tax issues is subject to management's assessment of relevant risks, facts, and circumstances existing at that time. The Trust uses a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. To the extent that the Trustees' assessment of such tax position changes, the change in estimate is recorded in the period in which the determination is made. The Trust reports tax-related interest and penalties as a component of income tax expense and operating expenses, respectively. The Trust has no unrecognized tax benefits.

Subsequent events

The Trust has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the date of the Financial Statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the Financial Statements. The accompanying Financial Statements consider events through April 25, 2024, the date on which the Financial Statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Investments in marketable securities and certificate of deposit

The Trust measures its investments, at fair value, according to a hierarchy of valuation techniques. The following are the levels of the hierarchy and a brief description of the type of valuation information ("inputs") that qualifies an investment for each level:

- Level I Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date.
- Level II Pricing inputs are other than quoted market prices included in Level I, however, are observable indirectly for the investment.
- Level III Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation. The Trust does not carry any Level III investments.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies the Trust uses to measure its financial assets at fair value:

Mutual funds: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Certificates of deposit and municipal bonds: Value using the documented trade price if trading in an active market. Otherwise, valued using a metrics system provided by the pricing vendors.

The valuations of the Trust's investments in marketable securities and certificate of deposit by the above fair value hierarchy levels and the corresponding cost of the investments as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	December 31, 2023						
	Level		Fair value		Cost		Jnrealized gains, net
Certificate of deposit Mutual funds - equity funds Municipal bonds	 2	\$	280,727 4,467,740 9,009,827	\$	280,727 3,306,848 8,969,940	\$	- 1,160,892 39,887
		\$	13,758,294	\$	12,557,515	\$	1,200,779
			Decen	nber 3	31, 2022		
	Level		Fair value		Cost		ealized gains osses), net
Certificate of deposit Mutual funds - equity funds Municipal bonds	 2	\$	271,052 4,812,541 10,674,057	\$	271,052 4,094,741 10,942,013	\$	- 717,800 (267,956)
		\$	15,757,650	\$	15,307,806	\$	449,844

Maturities of the Trust's debt securities at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Level	 Fair value	 Cost	alized gains sses), net
Due in one year or less	2	\$ 30,145	\$ 30,303	\$ (158)
Due after one year through five years	2	2,545,156	2,564,979	(19,823)
Due after five years through 10 years	2	5,064,765	5,054,225	10,540
Due after 10 years through 20 years	2	1,274,286	1,212,365	61,921
Due after 20 years	2	 95,475	 108,068	 (12,593)
		\$ 9,009,827	\$ 8,969,940	\$ 39,887

The net gain (loss) on investments in marketable securities is calculated as follows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	2023			2022
Realized gains (losses) Unrealized gains (losses), net	\$	(85,443) 750,935	\$	4,575 (2,299,635)
Management fees Custody fees		(15,817) (5,697)		(19,161) (6,352)
Bond amortization		(182,105)		(241,117)
Net gain (loss) on investments	\$	461,873	\$	(2,561,690)

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Note 4 - Taxation

The Trust reports its income to the Internal Revenue Service as a designated settlement fund which is taxed at the highest rate applicable to trusts under Section I(e) of the Code, which was 37% for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

For net operating losses ("NOLs") created in years beginning after December 31, 2017, the carryforward of NOLs will be limited to a reduction of 80% of modified taxable income without expiration. NOLs prior to January 1, 2018 will carry forward 20 years, and there is no limitation in the reduction of modified taxable income.

The Trust's federal income tax expense (benefit) is calculated as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Modified taxable loss Tax rate	\$	(344,584) 37.0%	\$	(275,543) 37.0%	
Federal income tax expense Deferred federal income tax expense (benefit) Change in valuation allowance		(127,496) 277,845 (150,349)		(101,951) (850,865) 266,034	
Income tax expense (benefit), net	\$	-	\$	(686,782)	

Temporary differences between financial reporting income and taxable income generate deferred tax assets and liabilities, as follows:

	December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Net operating loss carryforward Unrealized gain on investments Valuation allowance	\$	559,973 (444,288) (115,685)	\$	432,477 (166,443) (266,034)	
Deferred tax liability, net	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	

At December 31, 2023, the Trust had approximately \$1,513,500 of net operating loss carryforwards with \$657,000 expiring in years 2034 through 2037 and \$856,500 having no expiration date. The future ability of the Trust to benefit from these carryforwards is uncertain; therefore, management has determined that a valuation allowance for the entire deferred tax asset is necessary since it is more likely than not that the benefits will not be fully realized. The Trust is generally no longer subject to income tax examinations by the Internal Revenue Service for the years ended December 31, 2019 and prior.

Notes to Special-Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Note 5 - Trust Advisory Committee and Future Claimants' Representative

The Trust Agreement sets forth the role and responsibility of the Trust Advisory Committee ("TAC") and Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR"). The members of the TAC serve in a fiduciary capacity representing all holders of present Asbestos Claims ("Current Claimants"). The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of the TAC on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP. The TAC is comprised of five attorneys who are engaged by Current Claimants.

The FCR serves in a fiduciary capacity, representing the interests of the individuals who may file an Asbestos Claim in the future, but who at this time are unknown to the Trust ("Future Asbestos Claimants"). His role, in part, is to protect rights of the Future Asbestos Claimants. The Trustee is required to consult with or obtain the consent of the FCR on certain matters identified in the Trust Agreement and the TDP.



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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE:) Chapter 11
UNITED GILSONITE LABORATORIES, A PENNSYLVANIA CORPORATION, ¹) Case No. 5:11-bk-02032 (RNO)
REORGANIZED DEBTOR.) .) <u>_</u>)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on April 29, 2024, she caused a copy of the Annual Report, Financial Statements and Results of Operations of the United Gilsonite Laboratories Asbestos Personal Injury Trust for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023, to be served on the parties listed below via email.

/s/ Andrea L. Ducayet

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¹ The last four digits of the Debtor's federal tax identification number are 7530.

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